



Pantheon International Plc

Resilience, Responsibility, Long-term Performance

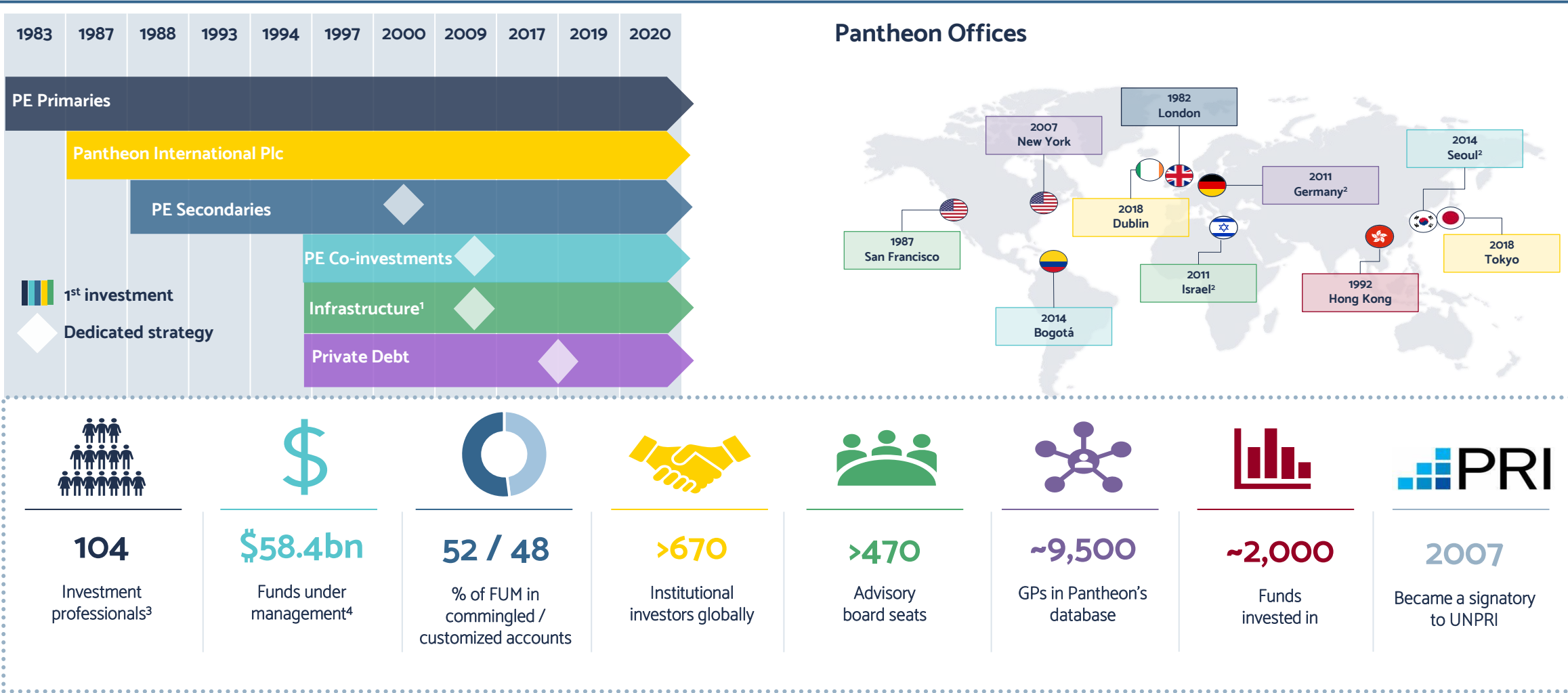
February 2021

Agenda

1. Introduction
2. PIP performance
3. Private equity market update
4. Key themes and recent investments
5. Conclusion

Appendix

Investing in private markets for over 35 years

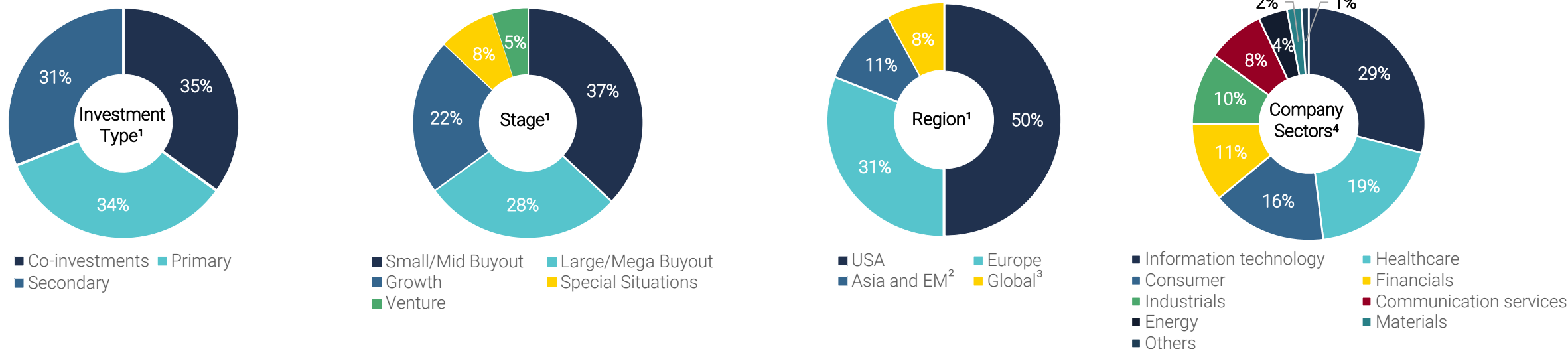


PIP – FTSE 250 investment trust managed by Pantheon

Our mission: To provide investors with the “go-to” FTSE vehicle for simple and liquid access to carefully selected investments in exciting private companies globally.

Our time-tested culture leads to **strong outcomes:**

- **Resilience:** A carefully diversified portfolio designed to perform well in a range of conditions.
- **Responsibility:** A thoughtful ESG approach informs every decision we make.
- **Long-Term Performance:** Thinking long term, making the right choices and delivering results over more than three decades.



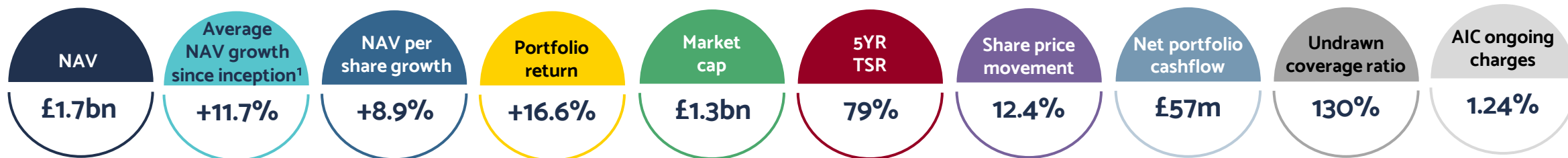
Our focus: To generate sustainably high returns through a well-managed, diversified portfolio

¹As at 30 November 2020. The fund investment type, stage and region charts are based upon underlying fund valuations and account for 100% of PIP's overall portfolio value. The charts exclude the portion of the reference portfolio attributable to the Asset Linked Note. The Asset Linked Note ("ALN") refers to the unlisted 10-year note issued on 31 October 2017 whose cost and repayments are linked to a reference portfolio consisting of the Company's older vintage funds. ²EM: Emerging Markets. ³Global category contains funds with no target allocation to any particular region equal to or exceeding 60%. ⁴The company sector chart is based upon underlying company valuations as at 30 September 2020 adjusted for calls and distribution to 30 November 2020, and accounts for 100% of PIP's overall portfolio value.

PANTHEON | 4

PIP has a strong track record of long-term outperformance

Financial Results for the half year ended 30 November 2020



Annualised performance as at 30 November 2020	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	10 yrs	Since inception ¹
NAV per share	12.1%	11.8%	14.1%	12.8%	11.7%
Ordinary share price	-0.2%	7.5%	12.4%	14.7%	11.1%
FTSE All-Share, TR	-10.3%	-0.6%	4.1%	5.9%	7.2%
MSCI World, TR (£)	12.7%	10.8%	14.3%	12.6%	8.2%
<i>Share price relative performance:</i>					
vs FTSE All Share, TR	+10.1%	+8.1%	+8.3%	+8.8%	+3.9%
vs MSCI World, TR (£)	-12.9%	-3.3%	-1.9%	+2.1%	+2.9%

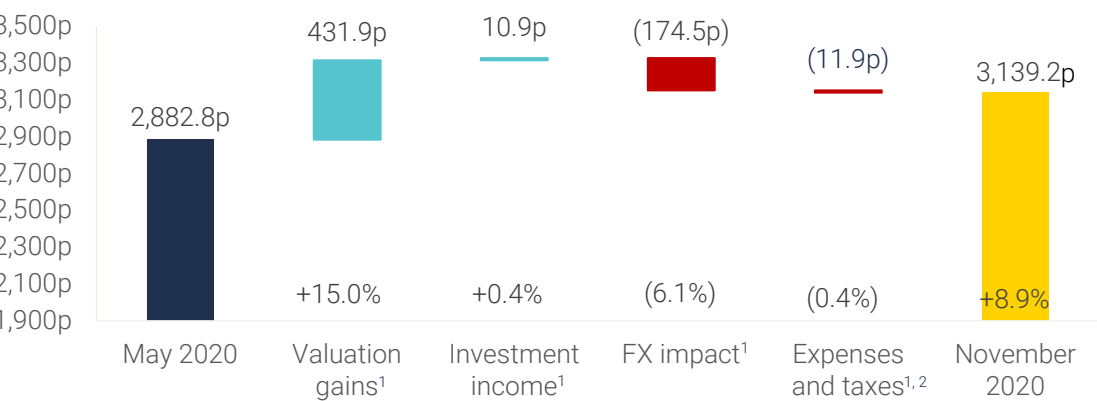


PIP delivers attractive long-term returns to shareholders

¹Inception date is September 1987. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Future performance is not guaranteed and a loss of principal may occur.

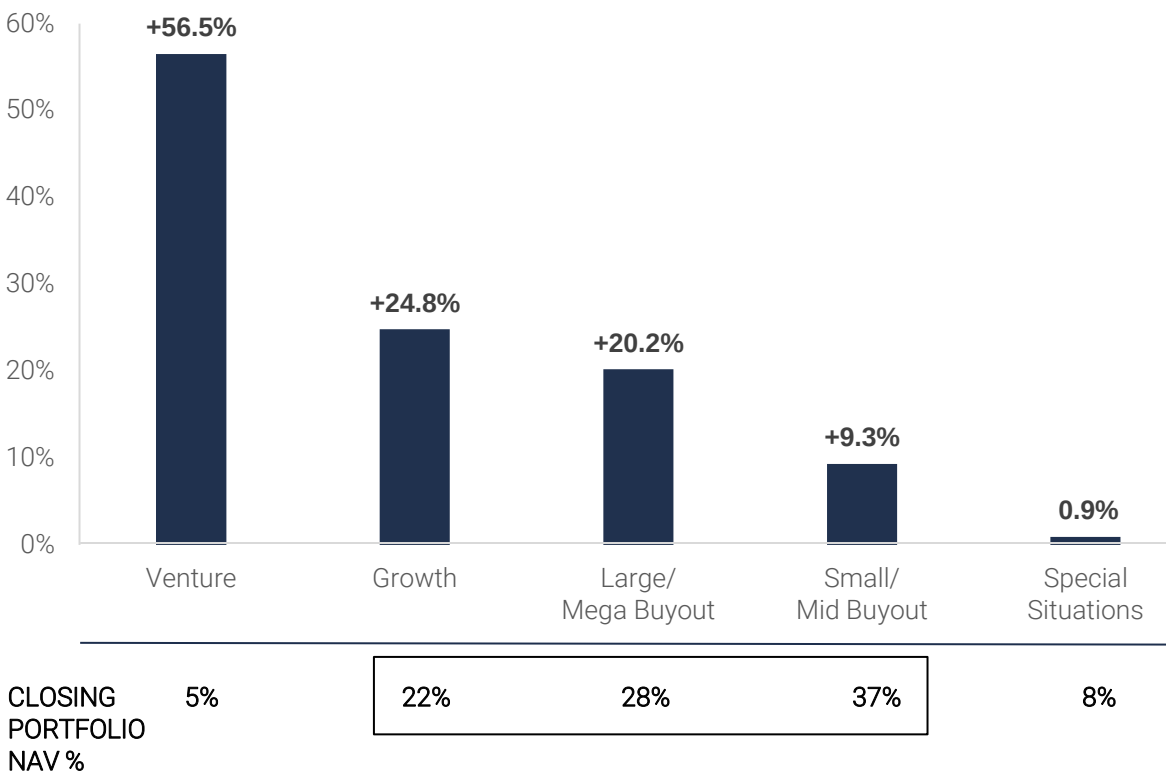
PIP's underlying portfolio performed strongly during the period

NAV per share progression analysis



- ▶ Strong valuation gains during the period which included successful IPOs in the USA and Europe.
- ▶ Impressive venture performance and robust returns from growth and buyouts.
- ▶ De-emphasised energy exposure (just 4% of the portfolio) continued to weigh on special situations.

Valuation movements by stage³



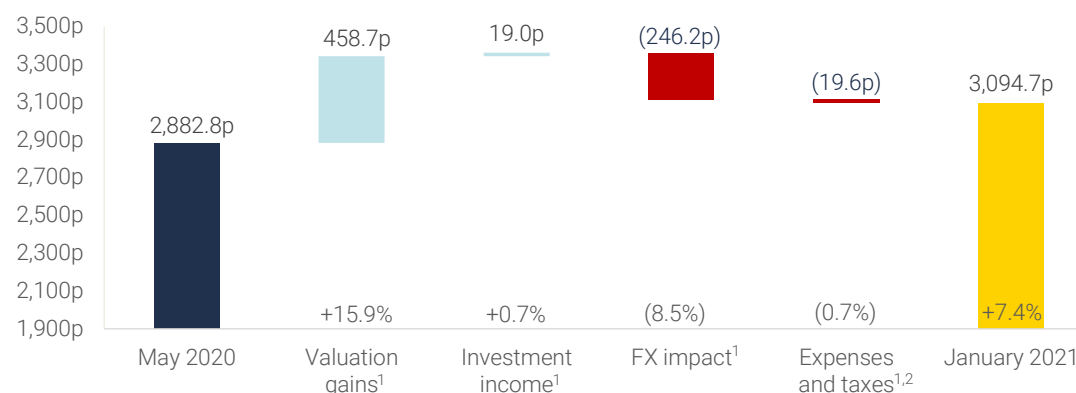
PIP's resilient portfolio delivered notable gains in six months to 30 November 2020

¹Stated net of movements associated with the Asset Linked Note ("ALN") share of the reference portfolio. The ALN refers to the unlisted 10-year note issued on 31 October 2017 whose cost and repayments are linked to a reference portfolio consisting of the Company's older vintage funds. ²Taxes relate to withholding taxes on investment distributions. ³Portfolio returns include income, exclude gains and losses from foreign exchange movements, and look through feeders and funds-of-funds to the underlying funds. Portfolio returns and portfolio NAV exclude returns generated by the portion of the reference portfolio attributable to the ALN. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Future returns are not guaranteed and a loss of principal may occur.

Performance and investment activity so far in the second half of this financial year

Annualised performance as at 31 January 2021	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	10 yrs	Since inception ³
NAV per share	11.8%	12.9%	12.5%	12.2%	11.6%
Ordinary share price	-3.1%	8.1%	13.7%	14.3%	11.1%
FTSE All-Share, TR	-7.5%	-0.5%	5.6%	5.5%	7.3%
MSCI World, TR (£)	13.5%	11.2%	15.4%	12.2%	8.3%
Share price relative performance:					
vs FTSE All Share, TR	+4.4%	+8.6%	+8.1%	+8.8%	+3.8%
vs MSCI World, TR (£)	-16.6%	-3.1%	-1.7%	+2.1%	+2.8%

NAV per share analysis



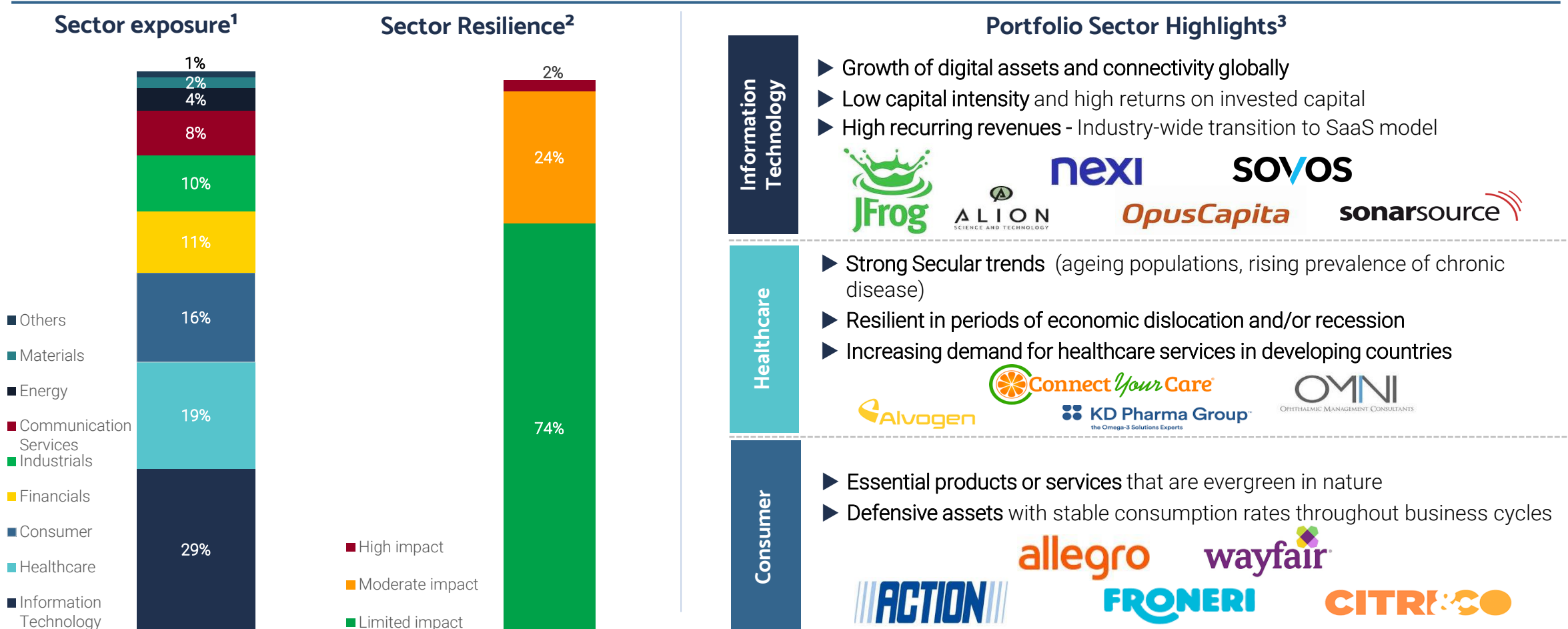
► Since 30 November 2020, PIP has made **10** new commitments amounting to **£28.7m**.

PIP's deal pipeline points to an active period for new commitments in the months ahead

As at 31 January 2021. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Future performance is not guaranteed and a loss of principal may occur.

¹Figures are stated net of movements associated with the ALN share of the reference portfolio. ²Taxes relate to withholding taxes on investment distributions. ³Inception date is September 1987.

PIP's focus on resilient and technology-focused businesses has underpinned strong performance

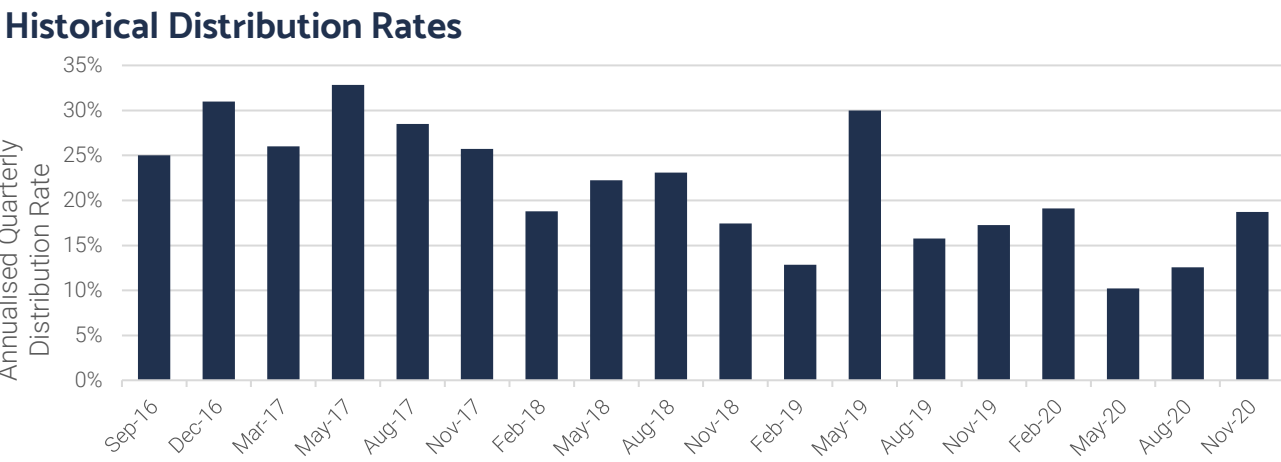
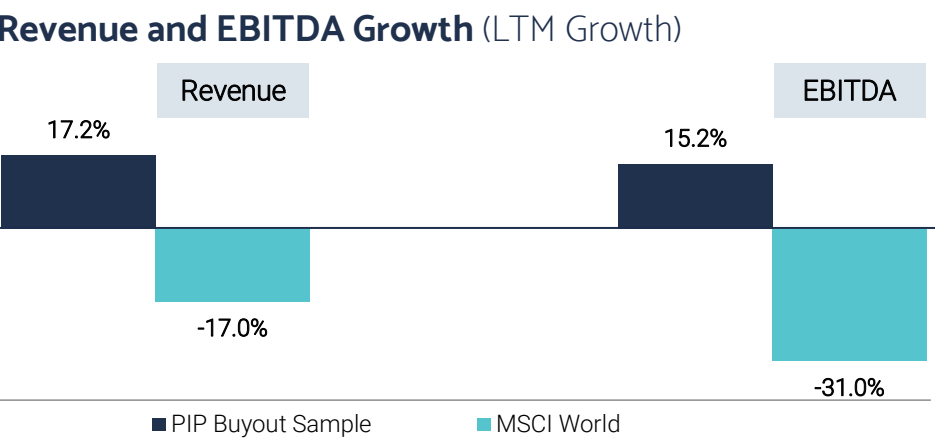
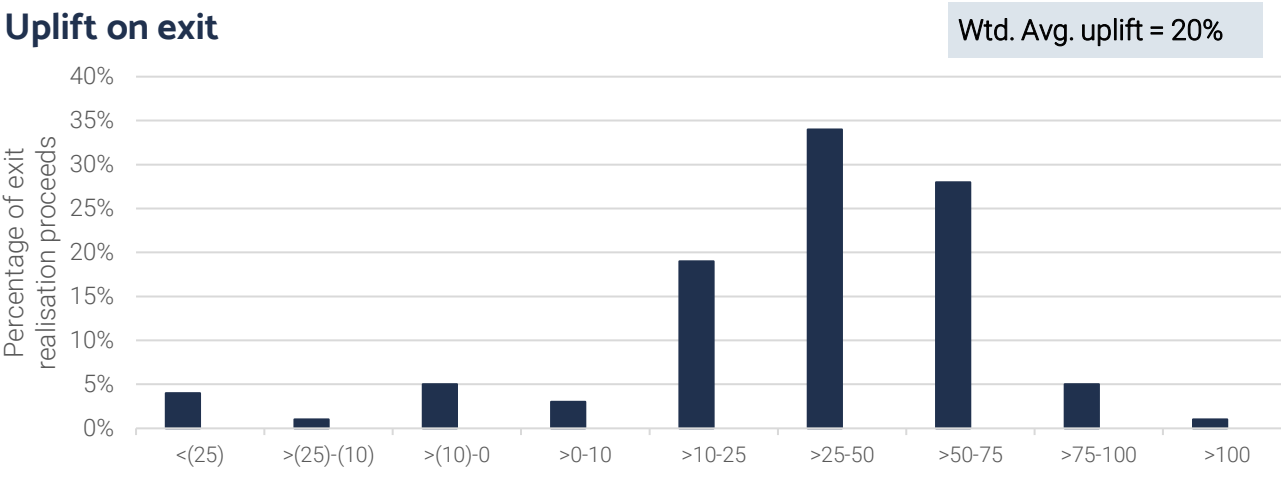
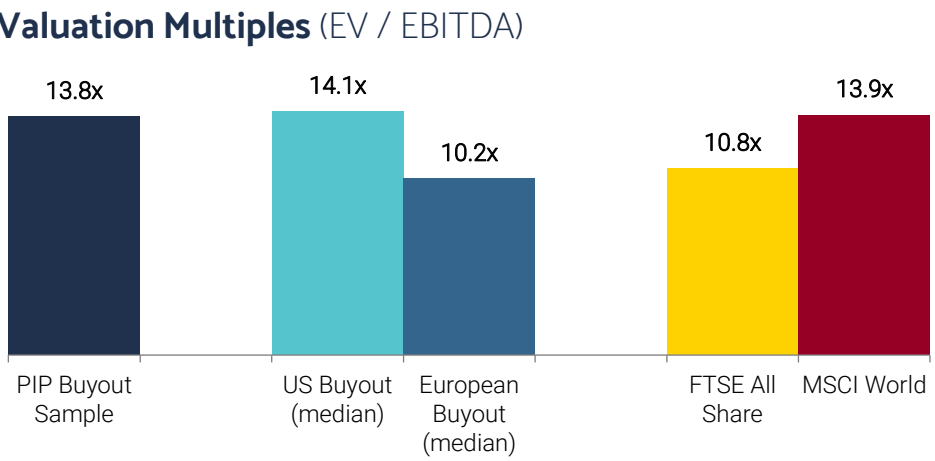


PIP offers access to many high growth sectors that are under-represented on public markets

Pantheon opinion. There is no guarantee that these trends will persist. ¹The company sector chart is based upon underlying company valuations adjusted for calls and distributions to 30 November 2020 and accounts for 100% of PIP's overall portfolio value. ²Based on an assessment of the impact of COVID-19 on sub-sectors within PIP's portfolio and is subject to change as market conditions evolve. ³These examples are shown for illustrative purposes only and are not necessarily representative of every investment completed by Pantheon. Please refer to slide 33 for full disclosures regarding case studies.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. Future performance is not guaranteed, and a loss of principal may occur.

PIP's high growth portfolio is valued in line with public market comparables



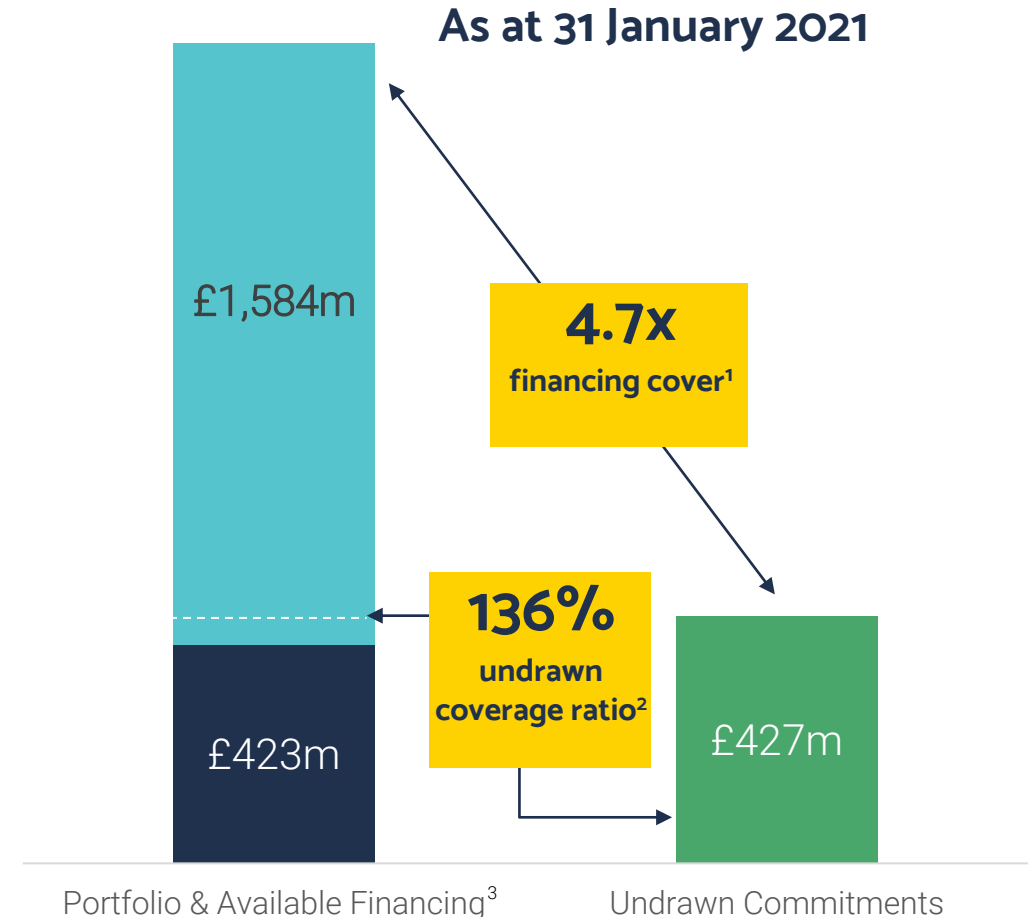
Underlying companies exhibit stronger growth, and produce significant uplifts on exit

Note: Company and index valuation multiples as at 30 June 2020. PE median buyout EV/EBITDA sourced from Pitchbook, as at 30 June 2020. Revenue and EBITDA growth cover the 12 months to 30 June 2020. The valuation multiple, revenue growth and EBITDA growth sample covers approximately 57%, 66% and 68% respectively of PIP's buyout portfolio. Uplift data represents 100% of exit realisations and 72% of distributions received during the period. Valuation and growth metrics for indices sourced from Bloomberg.

PANTHEON | 9

PIP's balance sheet is carefully managed with a conservative approach to cash management

- ▶ Healthy cash balances of £137m at 31 January 2021.
- ▶ £300m unused multi-currency facility amended to extend the term to May 2024. The amendment also facilitates an increase in commitments to £350m through additional facilities.
- ▶ Healthy coverage ratio gives assurance of PIP's ability to finance its undrawn commitments.



PIP is well positioned to capitalise on investment opportunities in an uncertain environment

¹As at 31 January 2021. ²Ratio of available financing and 10% of private equity portfolio NAV to undrawn commitments. ³The portfolio and available financing figure excludes the current portion of the Asset Linked Note.

The Asset Linked Note ("ALN") refers to the unlisted 10-year note issued on 31 October 2017 whose cost and repayments are linked to a reference portfolio consisting of the Company's older vintage funds.

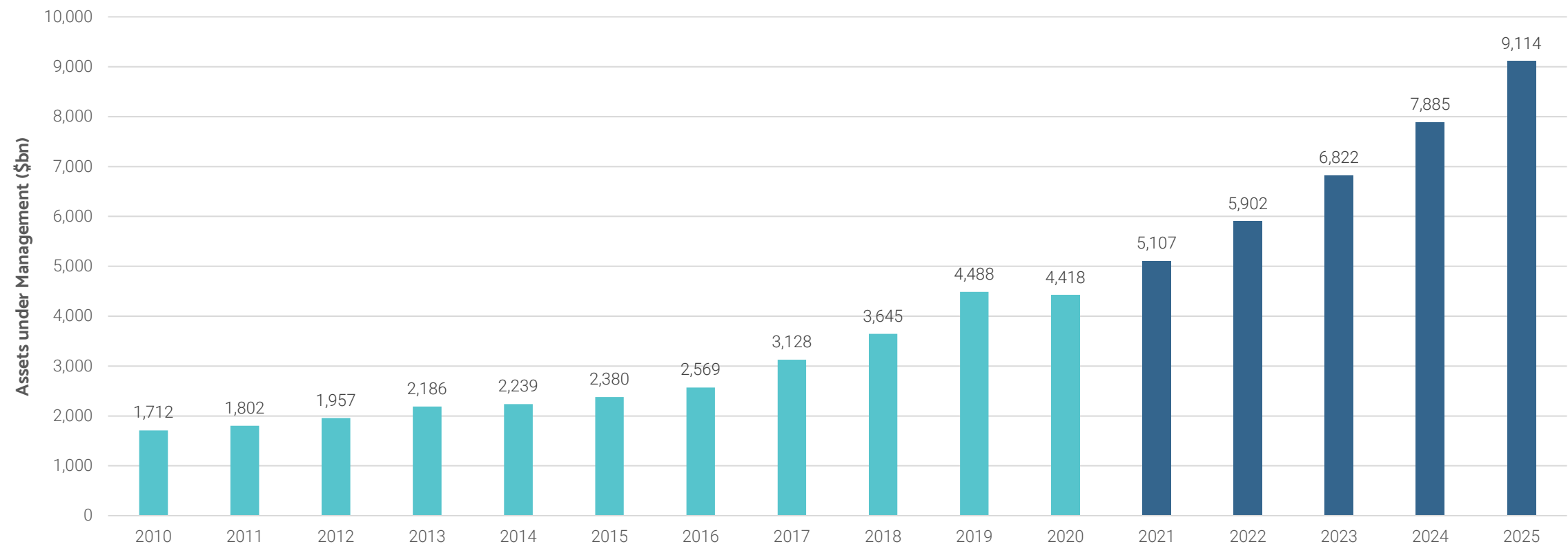
PIP's available financing consists of net available cash and the undrawn credit facility. The overall loan facility comprises undrawn facilities of \$269.8m and €101.6m and had a sterling equivalent value of £286m as at 31 January 2021.



Private equity market

The outlook for private equity is positive

Private Equity Assets under Management and Forecast, 2010 - 2025*



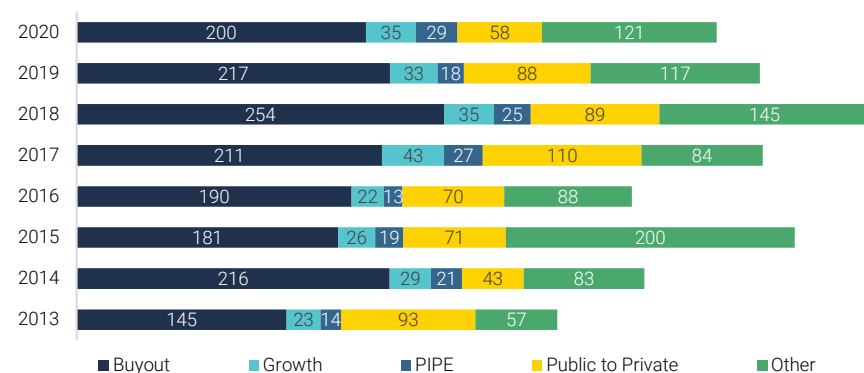
The global private equity market is expected to grow by 15.6% per year

Source: Preqin, November 2020.
*2020 figure is annualised based on data to October. 2021-2025 are Preqin's forecasted figures.
There are no guarantees that these trends will continue.

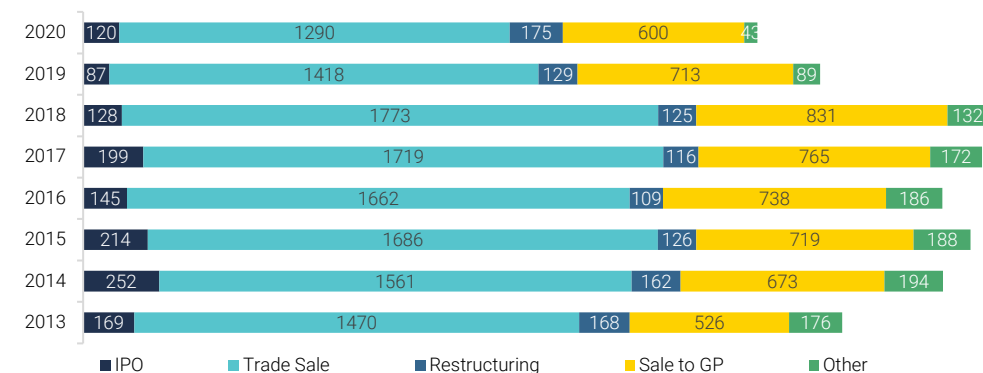
Private equity market overview

Key market statistics

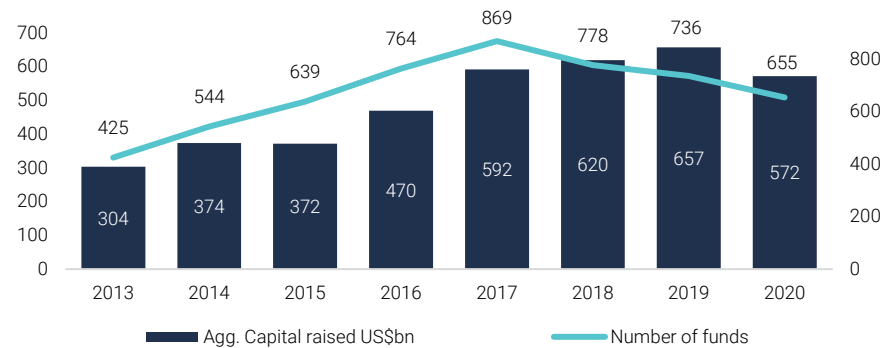
Global deal activity¹ (\$ in bn)



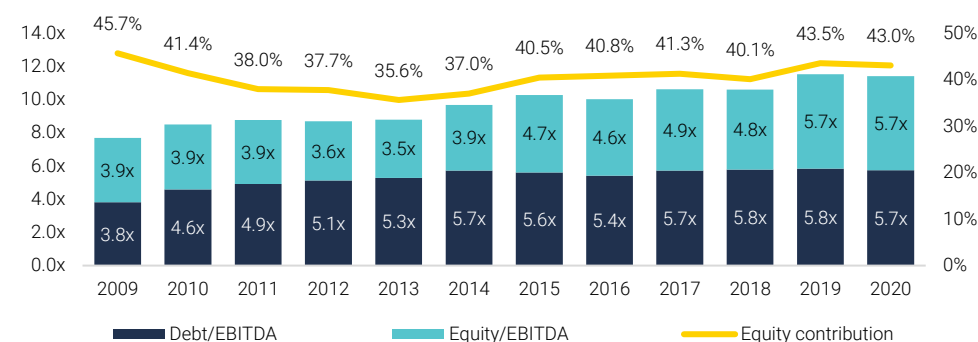
Global exit activity¹ (# of exits)



Global PE fundraising¹



Entry EV / EBITDA²



¹ Source: Preqin. Deal activity based on completed and announced deals globally from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2020. Excludes venture. "Other" includes add-ons, distressed debt, merger, recapitalisation, restructuring, special situations and turnarounds. Exit activity includes private equity backed exits from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2020. Excluding venture. Global fundraising based on all private equity funds to hold a final close over \$100m between January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2020. ²Source: S&P M&A Stats, December 2020, multiple of EBITDA.

Sector disruptions

Business models adapted quickly to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic

1

Information technology

Rapid digitalisation affecting all industry sectors; focus on process automation, collaboration tools, cybersecurity and big data analytics.



2

Healthcare

Long-term demographic shifts already driving investment; increased focus on health-tech, pharma innovation and specialty care.



3

Consumer

E-commerce, online marketplaces and services boomed; emphasis on recurring revenues, subscription models and new digital channels.



4

Financial services

Accelerated move away from cash to cards, digital payments and integrated fintech solutions.



Key themes of recent investments

High Organic Growth¹

Thesis

- ▶ Secular growth drivers
- ▶ Company leadership position/differentiated products
- ▶ Mitigate valuation through visible near-term growth

Representative Deals



Deep GP Experience

Thesis

- ▶ Operational capability
- ▶ Industry experience
- ▶ Proven and differentiated ability to build value

Representative Deals



Consolidation Platform

Thesis

- ▶ Buy down entry multiple
- ▶ Cost/ revenue synergies
- ▶ Build scale

Representative Deals



Recession Resistant

Thesis

- ▶ Stable demand/revenue drivers
- ▶ High level of recurring or contracted revenue
- ▶ Ability to support leverage in a downturn

Representative Deals



PIP has capitalised on Pantheon's differentiated deal flow

Co-investment, Consumer (2017)



- ▶ Poland's largest online marketplace, with over 20 million registered users, allowing businesses and individuals to sell their products to consumers.
- ▶ **Rationale:** Well-positioned to continue to benefit from the shift from offline to online shopping, which is underpenetrated relative to many other countries globally.
- ▶ **Outcome:** Listed on Warsaw Stock Exchange in October 2020, with market capitalisation of PLN44bn (EUR9.8bn). Largest European e-commerce IPO in history. PIP continues to be invested in the company.
- ▶ Proceeds received by PIP to date: £3.1m¹

IPO

Primary, Consumer (2018)



- ▶ Largest pure play e-commerce company addressing the \$300bn furniture and home goods market in the USA. The company also serves customers in Canada, the UK and Germany.
- ▶ **Rationale:** Significant opportunity as a result of the digital transformation of the sector; Wayfair has repositioned itself during 2020 to benefit from the rapid shift to online shopping and customers reprioritising their spending on home improvements instead of travel and entertainment.
- ▶ **Outcome:** In October 2020, PIP received a partial distribution in Wayfair. PIP continues to be invested in the company.
- ▶ Proceeds received by PIP to date: £1.6m

DISTRIBUTION

Co-investment, Healthcare (2017)



- ▶ Leading European operator of nursing home facilities and home care services agencies for the elderly.
- ▶ **Rationale:** Consolidator in a fragmented market, acquiring small to medium sized nursing home operators in its core geographies.
- ▶ **Outcome:** Having grown to more than 270 facilities in France, Belgium, Spain and Italy, was acquired by EQT Infrastructure and CDPQ Infrastructure in November 2020, generating a full exit for PIP.
- ▶ Proceeds received by PIP: £14.0m

SALE

Co-investment, Information technology (2020)



- ▶ Global provider of end-to-end tax compliance enterprise software solutions for more than 4,500 large enterprise customers, of which c.50% are Fortune 500 companies.
- ▶ **Rationale:** Opportunity to expand into new product offerings and geographies through acquisitions. Organic growth driven by secular tailwinds associated with increasingly complex tax compliance requirements that vary from country to country.

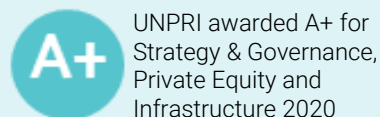
NEW DEAL

¹€4.6m if the €1.1m proceeds from a recapitalisation is included.
Please refer to slide 33 for full disclosures regarding case studies.

The role of private equity through the crisis and in raising ESG standards

Pantheon: Investing responsibly today for a sustainable tomorrow

- ▶ A signatory to UNPRI for more than 13 years: Awarded A+ for private equity in 2020.
- ▶ ESG¹ valuation is an integral part of the entire investment process from start to exit.
- ▶ RepRisk fully integrated into Pantheon's due diligence and monitoring processes since 2017.
- ▶ Use position on over 470² fund advisory boards worldwide to promote high ESG standards and advocate D&I³ initiatives.



Our portfolio companies: Supporting communities through the COVID-19 pandemic



Provided software to NHS radiologists free of charge.



Offered families free access to online portal to connect with loved ones in care.



Conducting clinical trials with an existing therapeutic treatment as a potential candidate to alleviate COVID-19 symptoms.



Donated 10,000 beds to medical facilities in NYC at onset of pandemic. Launched programme to facilitate nationwide bed donations in the USA.



>20,000 BlaBlaCar users volunteered to help elderly and other vulnerable individuals under lockdown with their grocery shopping.



Provided free tax assessment services to individuals who lost their jobs or were put on furlough.



With the Israeli government, played a key role in the rapid deployment of affordable COVID-19 test centres.



Created a COVID-19 interactive tool that captures key metrics to indicate when different areas can begin safely easing stay-at-home restrictions.



Launched new diversity and inclusion initiatives in September 2020, focusing on scholarship and mentorship programmes.

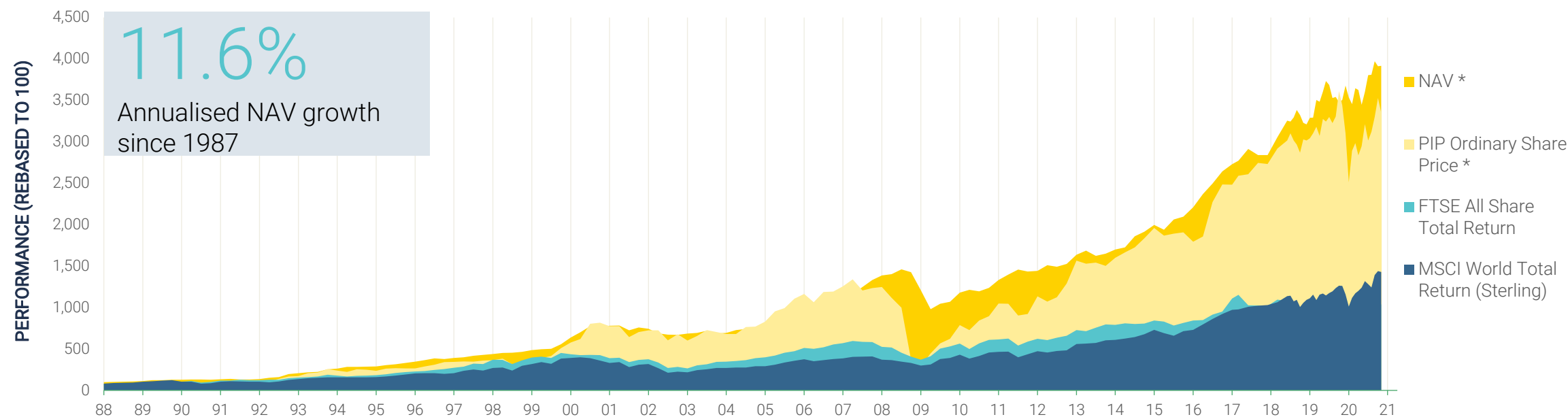
¹ESG refers to Environmental, Social and Governance. ²As at 31 December 2020. ³D&I refers to Diversity and Inclusion.
Please refer to slide 33 for full disclosure regarding the use of case studies.

PIP: Making the private, public

- ▶ PIP invests directly into private equity managers' funds and directly into companies through co-investments, and can respond actively to changing market conditions and investment opportunities.
- ▶ Attractively diversified portfolio (geography, stage, sector, vintage, manager), with vast majority weighted towards more resilient sectors.
- ▶ Strong, conservatively managed balance sheet and ability to meet undrawn commitments comfortably.
- ▶ Comprehensive and long-established approach to ESG.
- ▶ Truly independent Board which holds Pantheon, the Manager, to account.

In its more than 30 year history PIP has been through multiple cycles

Conclusion



PIP FINANCIAL YEAR
The Company's issued share capital consisted of 54,089,447 ordinary shares as at 31 January 2021

Long-term
outperformance

Balanced &
diversified
portfolio

Cost-effective
and liquid

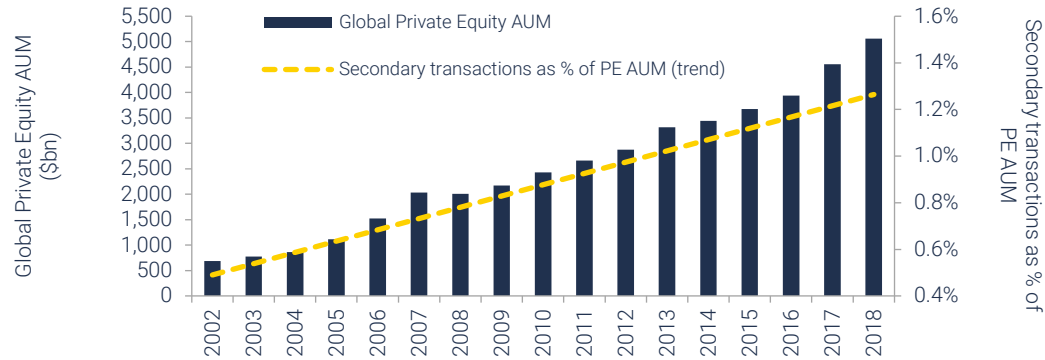
Responsible
investment



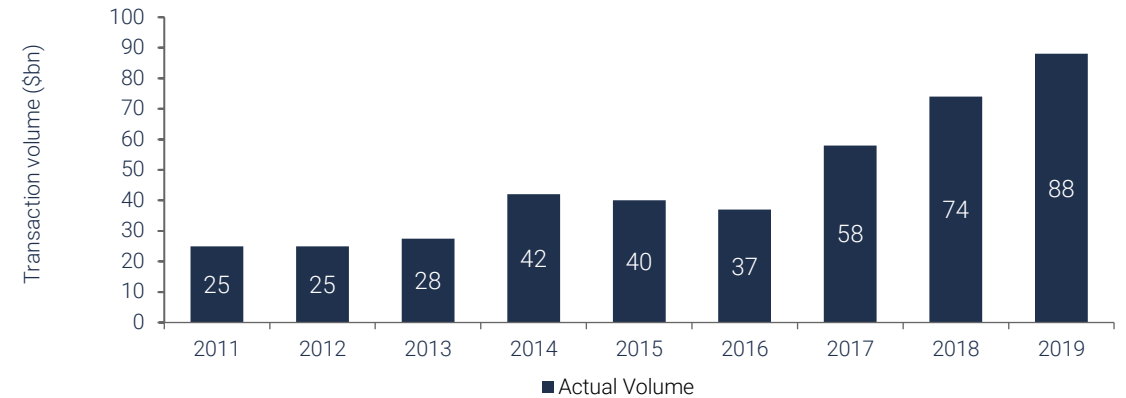
Appendix

The secondary market: a growing opportunity

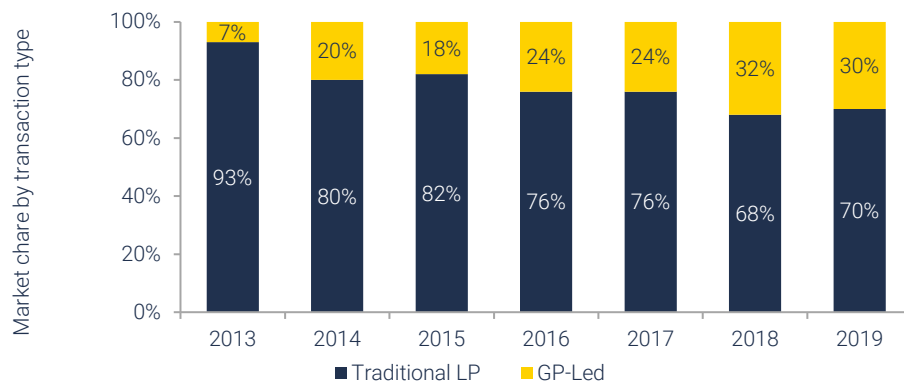
Secondary market turnover is rising¹



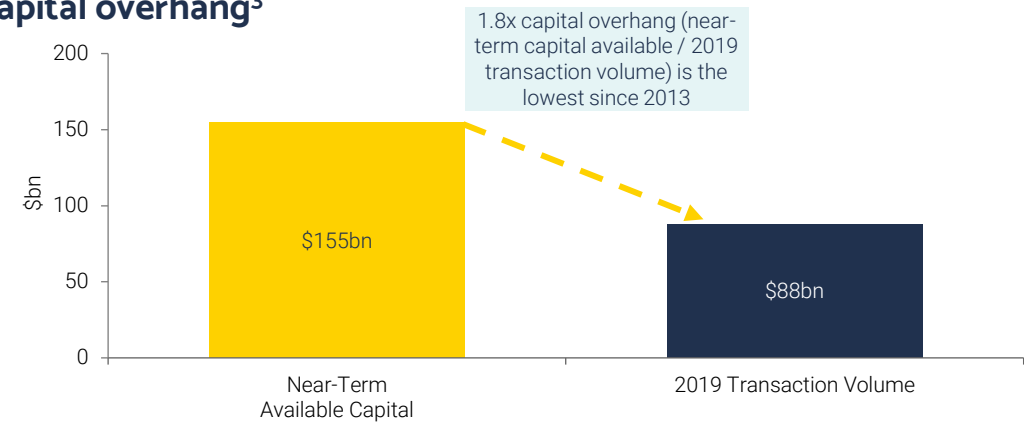
Secondaries transaction volume²



Market share by transaction type²



Capital overhang³



¹Sources: Preqin private capital market data to Q4 2018 as of February 2019. PE AUM defined as unrealised value plus uncalled capital held by private equity funds at the calendar year end; Greenhill Cogent – Secondary Market Trends and Outlook, January 2019. Secondary PE Market volume: - 2002: \$1.9bn, 2003: \$5.0bn, 2004: \$7.0bn, 2005: \$6.7bn, 2006: \$10.0bn, 2007: \$18.0bn, 2008: \$20.0bn, 2009: \$10.0bn, 2010: \$22.5bn, 2011: \$25.0bn, 2012: \$25.0bn, 2013: \$27.5bn, 2014: \$42.0bn, 2015: \$40.0bn, 2016: \$37.0bn, 2017: \$58bn, 2018: \$74bn. ²Source: Greenhill Cogent – Secondary Market Trends and Outlook, Jan 2020. ³Greenhill Secondary Pricing Trends & Analysis, Jan 2020; Note: There is no guarantee that these trends will continue. Near term available capital is comprised of Dry Powder, Leverage and Near Term Fundraising.

Our co-investment approach

- ▶ Partner with high quality GPs who demonstrate a differentiated and proven edge in their market
- ▶ Exposure to multiple paths for generating strong returns

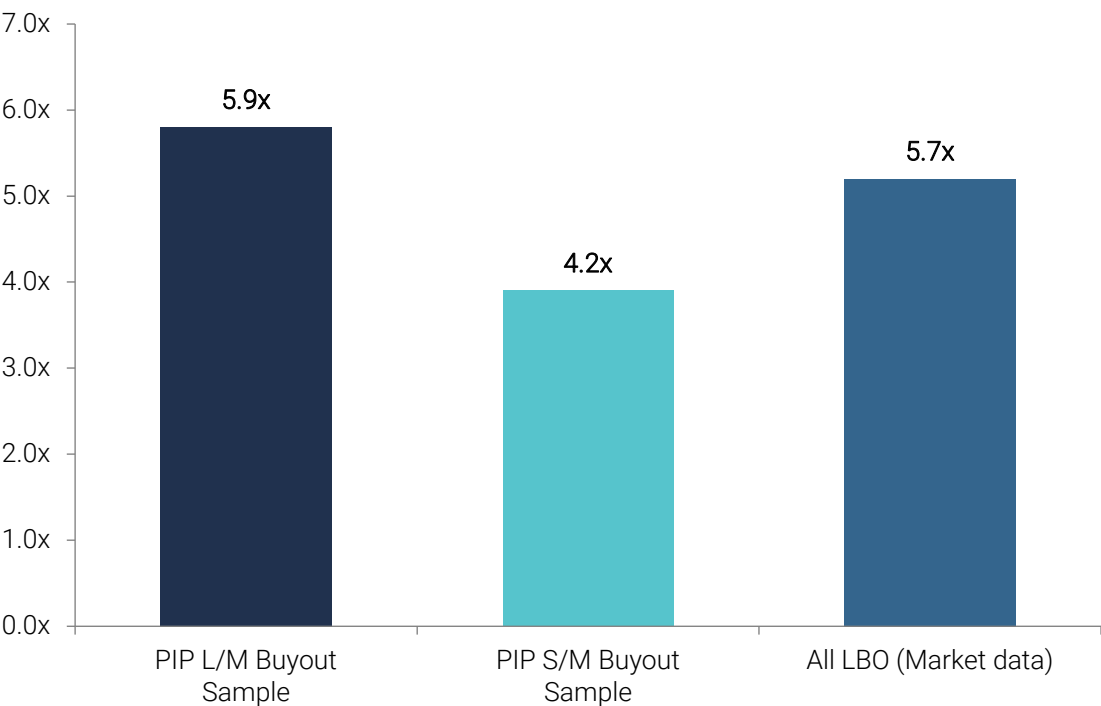


- ▶ Pantheon sources attractive co-investment deal flow for PIP
- ▶ PIP benefits from a diversified direct portfolio of attractive companies

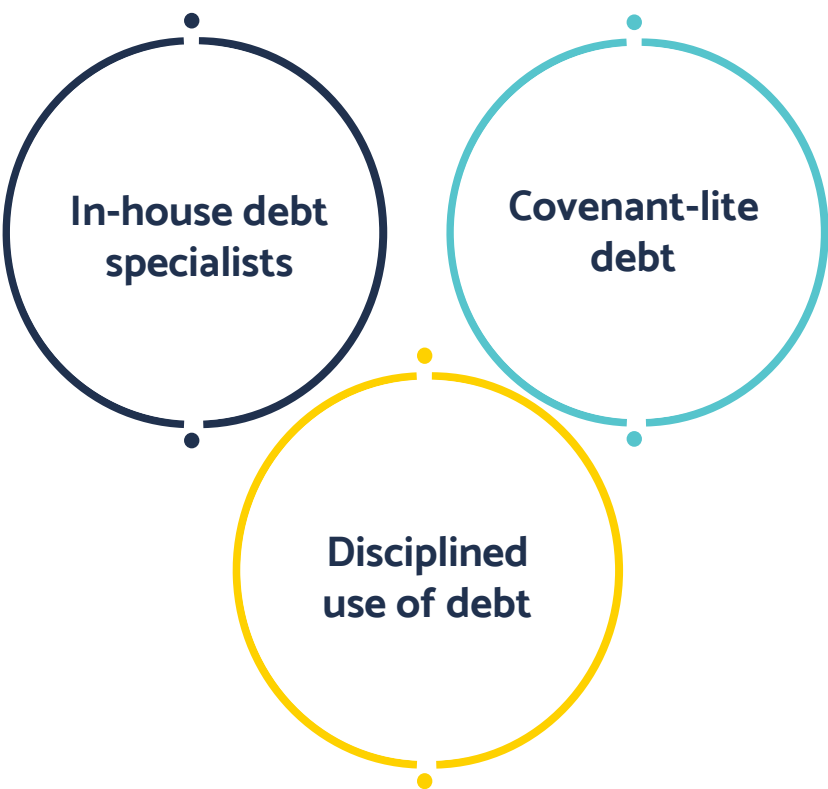
✓	Capability	Experienced, dedicated team, enhanced during the period with additional senior resources
✓	Reliability	Scale and ability to deploy capital effectively; does not compete with underlying managers
✓	Flexibility	Undertakes a range of different types of deals and can co-underwrite if appropriate

PIP's underlying portfolio company debt is actively managed

Buyout Debt Multiples (Debt / EBITDA)



Mid-market debt trends



We seek to invest in managers with a disciplined approach to leverage

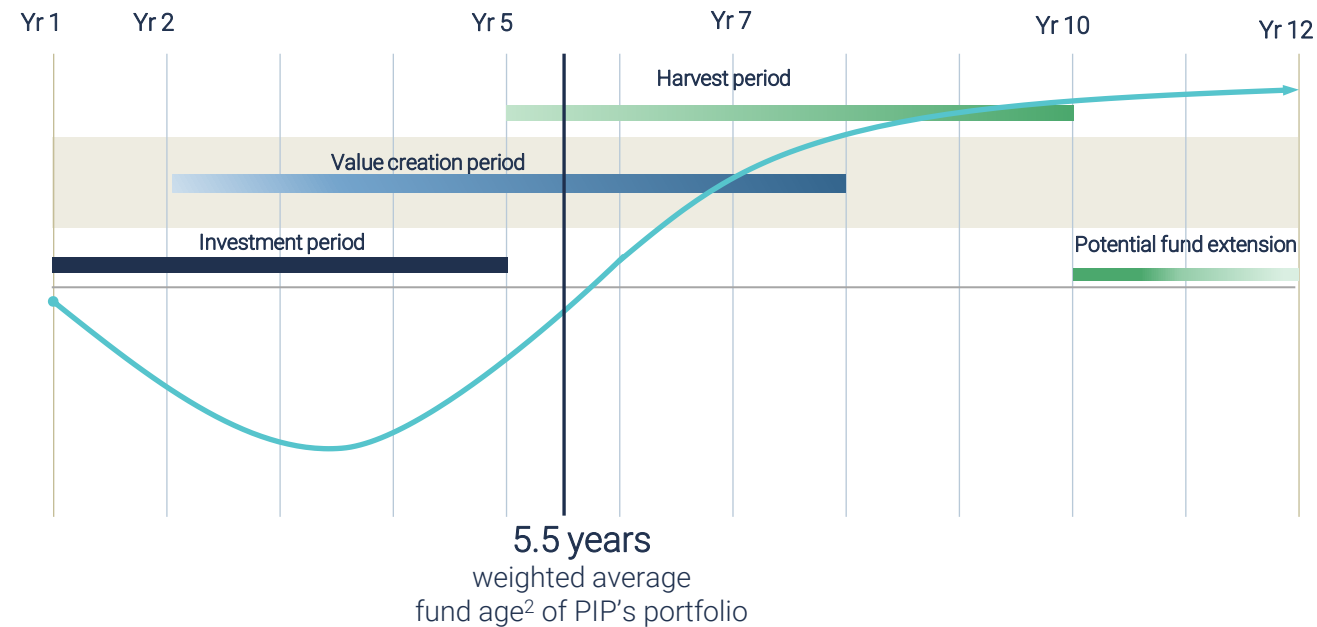
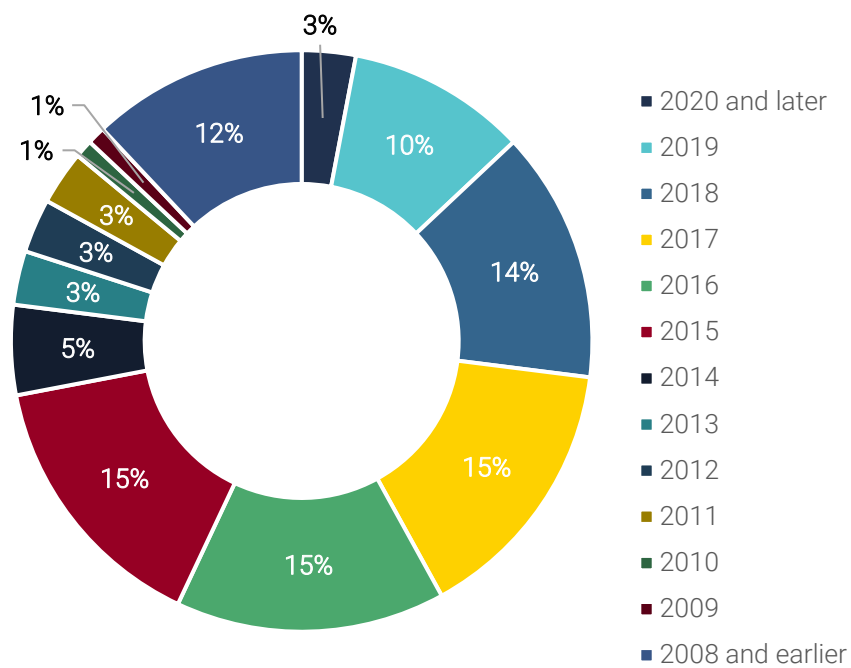
Note: The debt multiple sample for PIP covers 60% of the buyout portfolio and is based on underlying valuations as at 30 June 2020. LBO debt multiple for the market is sourced from S&P LCD Data and is as at 31 December 2020.

PIP investment approach has served us well through COVID-19

- ▶ Portfolio steered towards more resilient sectors such as IT, healthcare and consumer companies with durable demand.
- ▶ Investment tilted to 'overweight' mid-market and growth:
 - ▶ Lower entry multiples relative to large/mega buyouts;
 - ▶ Typically higher growth rates than larger businesses;
 - ▶ More levers to pull to help businesses to grow;
 - ▶ Extensive opportunity set and more routes to exit.
- ▶ Even tighter filter of new investment opportunities:
 - ▶ Pantheon deal teams' 'base-case' scenarios reflect more conservative hair-cutting of underlying managers' projections;
 - ▶ Stressed downside cases reflect assumptions that are either in line or worse than market conditions seen in the GFC.
- ▶ Prudent management of PIP's balance sheet with conservative approach to undrawn commitments.

PIP manages maturity profile to provide liquidity and to generate cash

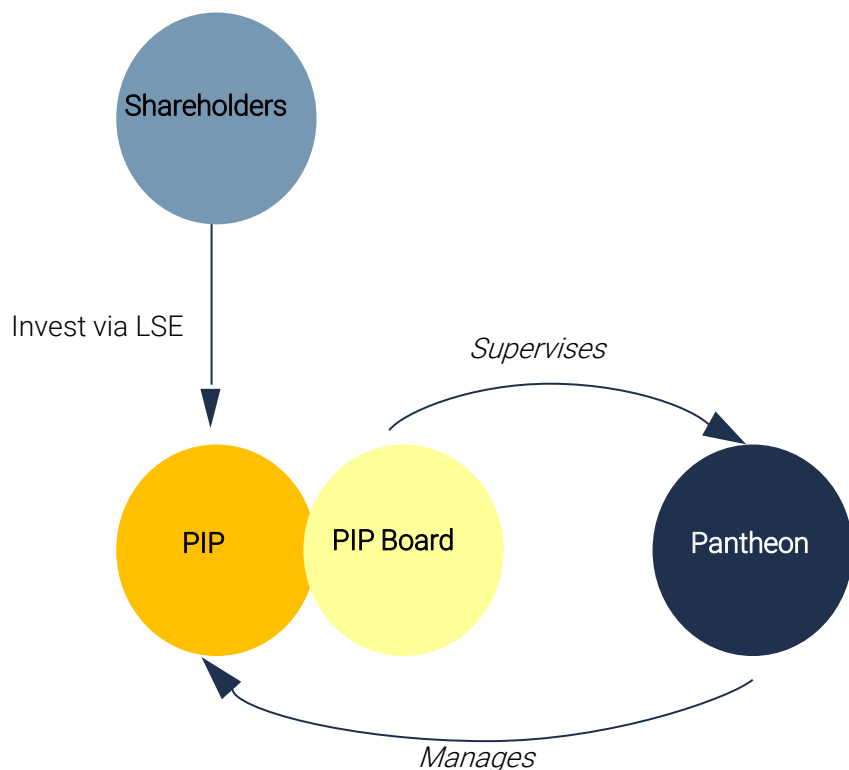
Fund Vintage¹



Actively managed maturity profile enables PIP to invest through the cycle

¹As at 30 November 2020. The fund maturity chart is based upon underlying fund valuations and account for 100% of PIP's overall portfolio value. The chart excludes the portion of the reference portfolio attributable to the Asset Linked Note. The Asset Linked Note ("ALN") refers to the unlisted 10-year note issued on 31 October 2017 whose cost and repayments are linked to a reference portfolio consisting of the Company's older vintage funds. ²As at 30 November 2020. Calculation excludes the portion of the reference portfolio attributable to the Asset Linked Note.

PIP is committed to the highest standards of corporate governance



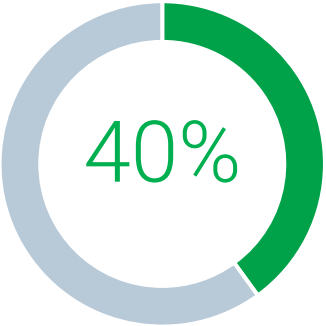
- ▶ The Board has extensive experience in private equity, corporate finance, macroeconomics, government, law, accountancy, media and marketing:
 - ▶ Oversees the performance of Pantheon and monitors PIP's investment strategy;
 - ▶ Ensures no conflicts of interest: None of Pantheon's team are Board members;
 - ▶ Agrees annual targets with Pantheon for the volume and mix of new investments;
 - ▶ Safeguards shareholders' interests;
 - ▶ The Board continues to explore ways to reduce the share price discount to NAV.
- ▶ Ian Barby retired from the Board upon conclusion of the 2020 AGM.
- ▶ Following the 2020 AGM, three out of seven Directors are female.
- ▶ Strong alignment of interests: all Directors own PIP shares.

Independent and experienced Board ensures that strategy puts shareholders first

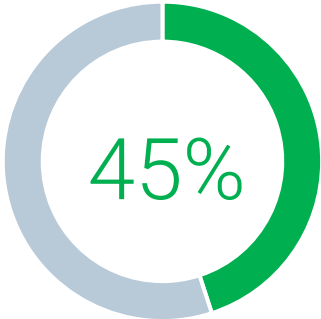
Championing diversity: A workforce that reflects the people we serve

Gender Diversity¹

Overall workforce²



Investment team heads

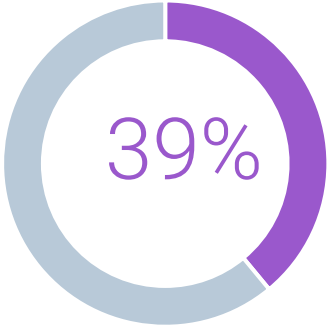


● Women



Ethnic Diversity¹

Overall workforce³



● Non-white ethnic background



¹The response rate for Pantheon's voluntary survey in December 2019 – January 2020 was 68%.

² c.1% prefer not to say.

³ c. 3% prefer not to say.

PIP has continued to invest through the COVID-19 pandemic

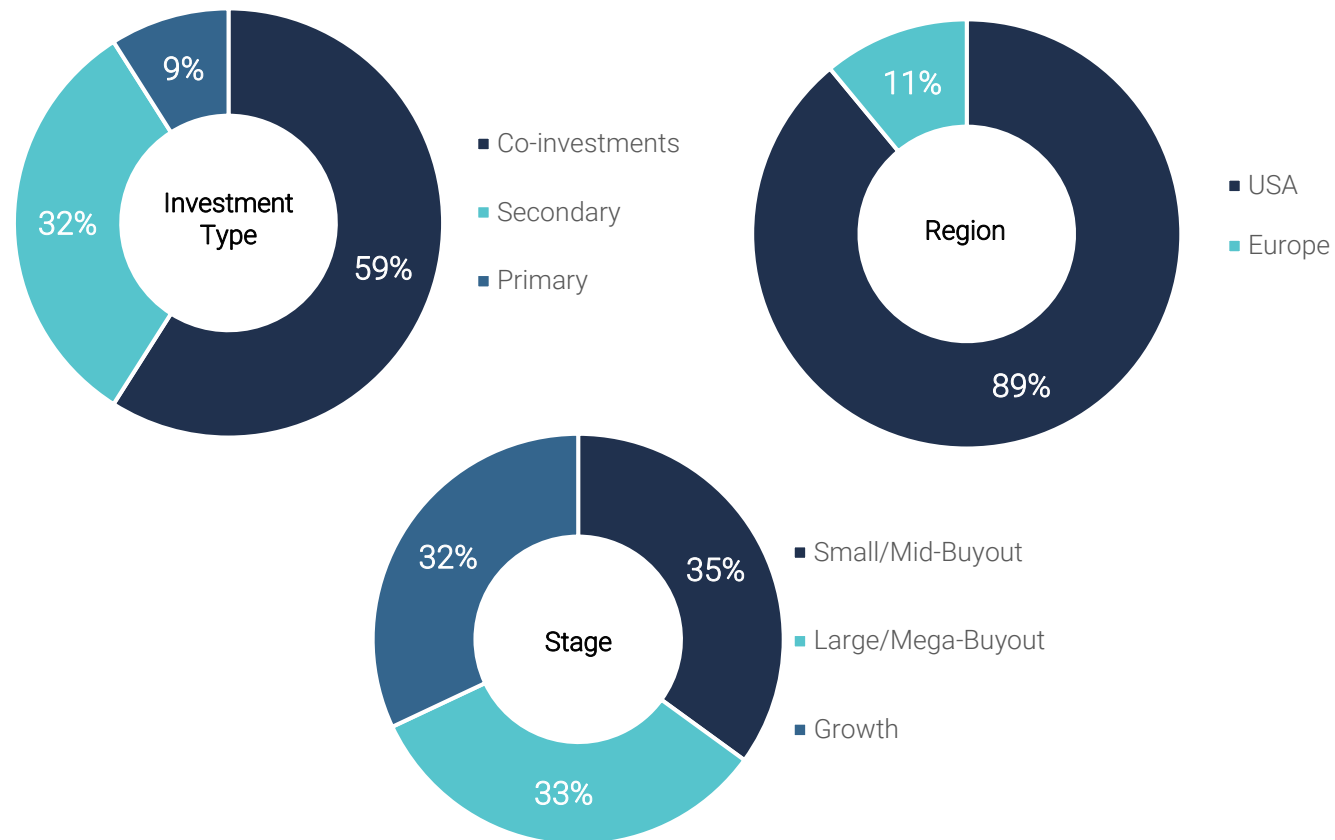
New Commitments as at 30 November 2020

- ▶ In the half year to 30 November 2020, PIP made six new investments, amounting to **£14.6m** in new commitments:

- ▶ 4 Co-investments: **£8.6m**
- ▶ 1 Secondary: **£4.7m**
- ▶ 1 Primary: **£1.3m**

- ▶ Since 30 November 2020 PIP has made 10 new commitments amounting to **£28.7m¹**:

- ▶ 6 co-investments: **£12.4m**
- ▶ 3 secondaries: **£14.8m**
- ▶ 1 primary: **£1.5m**



¹As at 31 January 2021.

Key information

Ordinary shares	
Trading symbol	PIN
Bloomberg	PIN:LN
Exchange	London Stock Exchange, MAINMARKET
SEDOL	0414850
ISIN	GB0004148507
Market Cap ¹	£1.3bn
Net Asset Value per share ¹	3,094.7p
Admission to trading	September 1987
Currency	GBP
Company information	
Investment manager	Pantheon Ventures (UK) LLP
Company Address	Beaufort House, 51 New North Road, Exeter, EX4 4EP
Registered	England & Wales
Company Secretary	Link Alternative Fund Administrators Limited
Broker	Investec Bank plc
Auditor	Ernst & Young LLP
Website	www.piplc.com
Contact	Vicki Bradley, Investor Relations Telephone: 020 3356 1725 / Email: vicki.bradley@pantheon.com

¹As at 31 January 2021.

Important Notice

This document and the information contained herein is the proprietary information of Pantheon International Plc ("PIP"); it may not be reproduced, amended, or used for any other purpose, without the prior written permission of PIP.

This document is distributed by Pantheon Ventures (UK) LLP ("Pantheon UK"), a firm that is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") in the United Kingdom, FCA Reference Number 520240. Pantheon UK is PIP's Manager and receives a monthly management fee at the rate of 1.5 per cent. per annum on the value of PIP's investment assets (that is, all assets excluding cash and fixed interest near-cash investments) up to £150 million and at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum on the value of investments assets above £150 million. Pantheon UK also receives a monthly fee at the rate of 0.5 per cent. per annum on the amount committed by PIP to investments which is for the time being outstanding and unpaid, up to a maximum amount equal to the total value of PIP's investment assets. Further Pantheon UK is entitled to an annual performance fee equal to 5 per cent. of all growth in PIP's fully diluted total net asset value above 10 per cent. per annum calculated on a compounded basis. Further information on the fees payable to Pantheon UK can be found in The Directors' Report section of PIP's latest annual report and accounts.

The information and any views contained in this document are provided for general information only. Nothing in this document constitutes an offer, recommendation, invitation, inducement or solicitation to invest in PIP. Nothing contained in this document is intended to constitute legal, tax, securities or investment advice. You should seek individual advice from an appropriate independent financial and/or other professional adviser before making any investment or financial decision. This document is intended only for persons in the UK and persons in any other jurisdiction to whom such information can be lawfully communicated without any approval being obtained or any other action being taken to permit such communication where approval or other action for such purpose is required. This document is not directed at and is not for use by any other person.

You should remember that the value of an investment in PIP, and any income from it, may go down as well as up, and is not guaranteed, and investors may not get back the amount of money invested. There is no assurance that the investment objective of PIP will be achieved. Further, the market price of PIP shares may not fully reflect their underlying net asset value and it is not uncommon for the market price of PIP shares to trade at a substantial discount to their net asset value. This discount may increase or reduce due to market factors which are unrelated to PIP's net asset value or performance. You should also remember that past performance cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance and that rates and levels of taxation may change. The spread between the purchase and sale prices for certain investment trusts, and classes of investment trust, can be wide. This means the purchase price can be considerably higher than the sale price.

You should note that PIP invests in private equity funds and unquoted companies which are less readily marketable than quoted securities and may take a long time to realise. In addition, such investments may carry a higher degree of risk than investments in quoted securities. PIP may be adversely affected by these risks notwithstanding the level of diversification which PIP seeks to achieve in relation to its investment portfolio. In addition, most of PIP's investments are in funds whose principal investment focus is outside the UK. Movements in exchange rates between sterling and other currencies therefore affects the value of PIP's investments. Losses may be multiplied since PIP invests in a range of private equity strategies including buyouts that commonly use gearing. PIP's investment valuation method is reliant on financial information provided by underlying funds and companies into which it invests. Valuation methods used by those funds and companies may be inconsistent. At any given time, PIP typically has outstanding, unpaid commitments to private equity funds which are substantial relative to PIP's assets. PIP's ability to meet these commitments (and avoid the potentially adverse consequences of default) depends on PIP receiving cash distributions from its investments and, to the extent these are insufficient, on the continuing availability of PIP's financing facilities. Other principal risks associated with PIP's activities are described in PIP's latest annual report and accounts.

Unless expressly mentioned, all information and data is sourced from PIP's monthly and statutory reporting, and Pantheon. Pantheon has taken reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this document is accurate at the date of publication. However, no warranty or guarantee (express or implied) is given by Pantheon as to the accuracy of the information in this document, and to the extent permitted by applicable law, Pantheon specifically disclaims any liability for errors, inaccuracies or omissions in this document and for any loss or damage resulting from its use.

Copyright © Pantheon 2021. For more information regarding Pantheon, please consult our website: <https://www.pantheon.com/legal-regulatory-notice/>. All rights reserved.

Non-U.S. Disclosure

This document and the information contained herein has been prepared and distributed by Pantheon and is the proprietary information of Pantheon; it may not be reproduced, provided or disclosed to others, without the prior written permission of Pantheon. This document is distributed by Pantheon which is comprised of operating entities principally based in San Francisco, New York, London, Dublin, Hong Kong and Tokyo. Pantheon Ventures Inc. and Pantheon Ventures (US) LP are registered as investment advisers with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and Pantheon Securities LLC, is registered as a limited purpose broker-dealer with the SEC and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). Pantheon Ventures (UK) LLP is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) in the United Kingdom. Pantheon Ventures (Ireland) DAC is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland ("CBI"). Pantheon Ventures (HK) LLP is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") in Hong Kong. In Hong Kong, this document is distributed by a licensed representative of Pantheon Ventures (HK) LLP, a corporation licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission to conduct Type 1 (dealing in securities) regulated activity, on the basis that you are a Professional Investor as defined in the Securities and Futures as defined by the FCA and regulation within the local jurisdiction where the investor is based. In Japan this document is provided by Pantheon Ventures (Asia) Limited, registered as a Type II Financial Instruments Business and Investment Advisory and Agency Business Operator under the registration entry "Director General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau (Financial Instruments Business Operator) No. 3138" under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (the "FIEA") and a regular member of the Type II Financial Instruments Firms Association of Japan and Japan Investment Advisers Association, to "Professional Investors" (tokutei toshika) as defined in Article 2, paragraph 31 of the FIEA. By accepting this document you acknowledge and agree that this material is provided for your use only and that you will not distribute or otherwise make this material available to a person who is not a Professional Investor as defined by the FCA and regulation within the local jurisdiction where the investor is based. The registrations and memberships described above in no way imply that the SEC, FINRA, SIPC, FCA, CBI or the SFC have endorsed any of the referenced entities, their products or services, or this material. This information is intended only for distribution in Australia to persons who are wholesale clients under section 761G of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) ("Wholesale Clients"). By receiving this document you represent and warrant that you are a Wholesale Client. Pantheon Ventures (UK) LLP is exempt from the requirement to hold an Australian financial services licence under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) in relation to any financial services provided in Australia to Wholesale Clients under ASIC Class Order 03/1099. Pantheon Ventures (UK) LLP is regulated by the FCA under the laws of England and Wales, which differ from Australian laws. Pantheon Ventures (UK) LLP relies on the Australian Corporations (Repeal and Transitional Instrument) 2016/396 which grants transitional continuance relief to foreign financial services providers relying on Australian Class Order 03/1099 in order to provide financial services to Wholesale Clients in Australia. By accepting this document you acknowledge and agree that this material is provided for your use only and that you will not distribute or otherwise make this material available to a person who is not a Professional Investor as defined by the FCA and regulation within the local jurisdiction where the investor is based.

This document is a marketing communication, and has not been prepared in accordance with legal requirements designed to promote the independence of investment research, and is not subject to any prohibition on dealing ahead of the dissemination of investment research. Nothing in this document constitutes an offer or solicitation to invest in a fund managed or advised by Pantheon or recommendation to purchase any security or service. The information contained in this document has been provided as a general market commentary only and does not constitute any form of legal, tax, securities or investment advice. It does not take into account the objectives, financial situation, risk tolerance, attitude to risk and investment restrictions of any persons, which are necessary considerations before making any investment decision. Unless stated otherwise all views expressed herein represent Pantheon's opinion. The general opinions and information contained in this publication should not be acted or relied upon by any person without obtaining specific and relevant legal, tax, securities or investment advice. The source of information included in this publication is based upon information derived from public sources that are believed by Pantheon to be reliable, but Pantheon does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness. Pantheon does not undertake to update this document, and the information and views discussed may change without notice. Legal, accounting and tax restrictions, transaction costs and changes to any assumptions may significantly affect the economics and results of any transaction or investment. In general, alternative investments such as private equity or infrastructure involve a high degree of risk, including potential loss of principal invested. These investments can be highly illiquid, charge higher fees than other investments, and typically do not grow at an even rate of return and may decline in value. These investments are not subject to the same regulatory requirements as registered investment products.

Non-U.S. Disclosure continued

In addition, past performance is not indicative of future results. Future performance is not guaranteed and a loss of principal may occur. Market and exchange rate movements may cause the capital value of investments, and the income from them, to go down as well as up and the investor may not get back the amount originally invested. This presentation may include “forward-looking statements”. All projections, forecasts or related statements or expressions of opinion are forward-looking statements. Although Pantheon believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct, and such forward-looking statements should not be regarded as a guarantee, prediction or definitive statement of fact or probability.

Pantheon has taken reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this document is accurate at the date of publication. However, no warranty or guarantee (express or implied) is given by Pantheon as to the accuracy of the information in this document, and to the extent permitted by applicable law, Pantheon specifically disclaims any liability for errors, inaccuracies or omissions in this document and for any loss or damage resulting from its use.

In Australia, this document and the information contained herein is intended only for wholesale clients under section 761G of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (“Wholesale Clients”). By receiving this document you represent and warrant that you are a Wholesale Client. Pantheon Ventures (UK) LLP is exempt from the requirement to hold an Australian financial services licence under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) in relation to the provision of any financial product advice regarding the financial products which are referred to in this document under ASIC Class Order 03/1099 and is regulated by the FCA under UK laws, which differ from Australian laws.

This document and the information contained herein is directed only at: (i) persons outside the United Kingdom and (ii) persons in the United Kingdom and who are “investment professionals” as defined in Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, persons falling within any of the categories of persons described in Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of that Order or other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated in accordance with that Order. No other person in the United Kingdom should access this document and the information it contains, or act or rely upon by it. In all jurisdictions other than the United Kingdom, this document is intended only for institutional investors to whom this document can be lawfully distributed without any prior regulatory approval or action.

Any reference to the title of “Partner” in these materials refers to such person’s capacity as a partner of Pantheon Ventures (UK) LLP. In addition, any reference to the title of “Partner” for persons located in the United States refers to such person’s capacity as a limited partner of Pantheon Ventures (US) LP.

Copyright © Pantheon 2021. All rights reserved.

Disclosures - case studies

Disclosures 1

These case studies are examples of specific private transactions made by Pantheon funds / clients and are designed to assist prospective investors / clients to understand Pantheon's investment management style / strategy. It should NOT be regarded as a recommendation. Pantheon makes no representation or forecast about the performance, profitability or success of such transaction. You should not assume that future recommendations will be profitable or will equal the performance of past recommendations. The statements above reflect the views and opinions of Pantheon as of the date of the investment analysis.

Please also note that all performance numbers quoted in these case studies are net of underlying fund fees, carry and expenses and gross of Pantheon fund fees, carry and expenses. Pantheon does not calculate performance net of Pantheon fund fees, carry and expenses at the underlying fund investment level. Past Performance is not indicative of future results. Future performance is not guaranteed and a loss of principal may occur.

Disclosures 2

These case studies are also examples of specific private transactions made by third party fund managers (not Pantheon) and are designed to assist prospective investors / clients to understand recent market activity. It should NOT be regarded as a recommendation or endorsement of such transactions or the third party managers responsible for such investment decisions. Pantheon makes no representation or forecast about the performance, profitability or success of such transaction or the third party managers responsible for such investment decisions.

Please also note that all performance numbers quoted in these case studies are net of underlying fund fees, carry and expenses and gross of Pantheon fund fees, carry and expenses. Pantheon does not calculate performance net of Pantheon fund fees, carry and expenses at the underlying fund investment level. Past Performance is not indicative of future results. Future result performance is not guaranteed, and a loss of principal may occur.



PANTHEON